

EHR and Meaningful Use

Coding on the River
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EHR and Meaningful Use

- Learning Agenda
 - Meaningful Use and why it's here
 - Meaningful Use Rules of Participation
 - Categories, Objectives and Thresholds
 - Impact on coders

EHR and Meaningful Use

- Electronic Health Record = Electronic Medical Record
- In 2009, Congress passed the HITECH Act (Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health) which authorized incentives to clinicians and hospitals.
- The HITECH Act defined objectives for clinicians and hospitals which, if implemented, would result in meaningful use of EHRs and improved health care
- For purposes of the Meaningful Use incentives programs, EHR technology must be tested and certified by the Office of the National Coordinator.

EHR and Meaningful Use

- Meaningful Use is using certified electronic health record technology to:
 - Improve quality, safety, efficiency and reduce health disparities
 - Engage patients and their families in their health care
 - Improve the coordination of care
 - Improve population and public health
 - Maintain privacy and security of health information

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- Meaningful Use rules proposed on December 30, 2009; 556 pages published in the Federal register as a proposed rule.
- Public comment responses and further consideration led to the revision of these rules and re-release in the Federal Register in July 28, 2010.
 - The revised rules are less stringent in many areas.
 - Continued feedback from the public, physician groups and professional organizations continue to lead to proposed changes.
- Financial incentives for using certified EHR technology.
- Medicare payment adjustments for not using begin in 2015
- Registration, demonstration of success and payment of incentives will be made at the individual provider level – Eligible Professional (EP)

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Financial Incentives

- For Medicare, up to \$44,000 per provider over five year period based on volume.
- For Medicaid, up to \$63,750 per provider over six year period if 30% of all patient encounters is Medicaid for the most recent calendar year.
 - Pediatrics must reach 20%.
- A 2011 start would be based upon 2010 patient mix for Medicaid
- Must choose one program or the other. Cannot participate in both at the same time.
- Can make one program change for duration of participation.
- Must use EHR technology certified by the Office of the National Coordinator (ONC).
- Incentives are also available for Eligible Hospitals and many objectives are the same.
 - Encourages coordination between EPs and hospitals

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Who is eligible?

- Non Hospital Based

<u>Medicare</u>	<u>Medicaid</u>
MD, DO, Doctor of Dental Surgery, Doctor of Podiatric Medicine, Doctor of Optometry, Chiropractor	Physicians, Dentists, CNM's, Nurse practitioners, PA's only if practicing in an FQHC or RHC led by a PA
- Hospital Based – Not eligible if 90% of claims in the prior year were filed with Place of Service (POS):
 - 21 - Inpatient Hospital
 - 23 – Emergency Department

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When does it start?

- Medicare – 1/1/2011 for EP's
 - Enrollment began 04/11
- Medicaid – 1/1/2011 for those already using an EHR
 - Enrollment in Florida began 09/11

What is the qualifying time?

- 1st Year – Medicare
 - Must be any continuous 90 day period within the payment year in which an organization successfully demonstrates meaningful use.
 - Cannot cross calendar years.
- 2nd – 5th Years – Medicare
 - must be meaningful users for the entire year

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What is the qualifying time?

- 1st Year - Medicaid
 - must be adopting, implementing or upgrading certified EHR technology
- 2nd Year – Medicaid must be any continuous 90 day period within the payment year in which an organization successfully demonstrates meaningful use.
 - Cannot use a time period that crosses into the next calendar year.
- 3rd – 6th years - Medicaid
 - must be meaningful users for the entire year

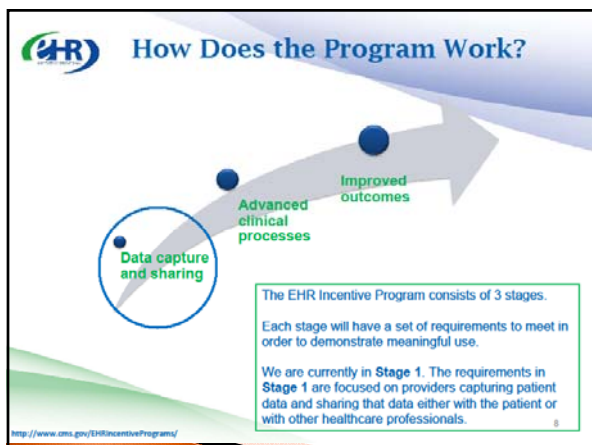
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Data be tracked at the individual NPI level.
Stage 1 will be by attestation via a secure website.

A single, annual payment from CMS for Medicare

- Calculated by CMS
- Paid subject to the annual limit which equal to 75% allowed payments
 - 1st year incentive maximum is \$18,000 so the allowed payments must be \$24,000 to receive the maximum incentive. ($\$24,000 \times 75\% = \$18,000$)
 - If an EP has less than \$24,000 in allowed payments, will receive 75% of whatever the allowed payments are during the payment year.

A single, annual payment from AHCA for Medicaid.
Made after attestation of meaningful use.



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- Stage 1 Meaningful Use Criteria
 - 25 objectives and measures (MU) for Eligible Professionals (EP)
 - 15 are required, up to 5 of the remaining 10 (Menu Choice)
 - 8 require attestation; 17 require data submission
 - In 2012, clinical quality metrics will be reported electronically
- Stage 2 Meaningful Use Criteria (Expected to be released as a Proposed Rule in Jan, 2012)
 - 36 objectives and measures (MU) for Eligible Professionals (EP)
 - 4 continued from Stage 1 (no change)
 - 7 new for EPs
 - Stage 1 menu measures moving to Stage 2 required measures
 - Stage 1 thresholds increase
- Stage 3 Meaningful Use Criteria
 - Continued emphasis on Stage 1 & 2 measures
 - Increasing thresholds
 - Emphasis on patient electronic access and self-management

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What are the measures of EHR use?

Three main categories:

Those that improve quality, safety and efficiency

CPOE (medications only in Stage 1)	30%
Drug to Drug/Drug-Allergy interaction checks	Functionality enabled
Problem list in ICD-9-CM or SNOMED-CT	80%
Electronic Prescribing	40%
Active medication list	80%
Active medication allergy list	80%
Record patient demographic data	50%
Record and chart vital signs – over age 2	50%

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Those that improve quality, safety and efficiency – continued

Record smoking status – over age 13	50%
Lab results (numeric) stored as structured data	40%
Medication reconciliation	50%
Generate patient lists by condition	One report
Report quality measures to CMS	3 core (& 3 alternate) + 3 Menu
Send patient reminders – over age 50	20%
Clinical decision support	Five alerts in use now
Drug Formulary checks	Functionality enabled

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Engage Patients and Families

Electronic copy of health record, upon request	50%
Patient access to electronic information (i.e. lab results) within 96 hours of availability.	10%
Clinical summary of each visit to patient.	50%
Provide patient-specific education resources	10%
Protect electronic health information	Ongoing

Improve Care Coordination

Electronic data exchange with provider not in the same organization	1 test
Submission of immunization reports to PHD	1 test
Submission of syndromic surveillance to PHD	1 test
Provide summary care record for each transition of care	50%

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What are the quality measures?

- Similar to the PQRS measures for Stage 1
- Each Eligible Professional (EP) must report on 6 total measures
 - Some of the measures allow exclusions, others do not
- Core measures are the same for all EPs
 - 3 Core with 3 Alternate depending on clinical practice
- 38 menu measures which are applicable across several specialties

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What is the impact on certified coders?

- NO MORE PAPER CHARTS!
- Coders as educators for physicians, non-physician providers and other staff
- Shared EHR technology over specialties and places of service
- Requirement for discrete, structured data elements
 - Problem lists, medications, allergies, orders and results
- Requirements for Quality Measures
- Navigating in at least 1, and potentially several, EHRs

Questions??????

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